Complicated Meniscal Repair (For Root, Bucket-Handle, Radial, And Complex Repairs)

Weeks One to Four		Weeks Four to Eight
	Evaluate Evaluate Range of motion Joint hemarthrosis Joint hemarthrosis Ability to contract quad/vmo Gait: Anticipate immobilized in knee extension and NWB x 4 weeks Patella Mobility Inspect for infection/signs of DVT Assess RTW and sport expectations Patient Education Support Physician prescribed meds Reinforce use of brace and assistive device PRECAUTIONS ROM 0-60 x 2 weeks then 0-90 x 2, unless	Evaluate > Range of Motion > Ability to contract quad/vmo > Signs of infection or DVT > Patella mobility > Evaluate/discuss footwear to optimize foot and ankle biomechanics Patient Education Patient Education > Begin progressive WB if cleared by physician > Progress flexion ROM as tolerated > Brace may be opened to 10 degrees less than the patients ROM if good quad contraction (week 6)
	otherwise specified by MD If medial repair, no HS PRE x 4 weeks NWB x 4 weeks, then PWB x 2 weeks Discuss frequency and duration of treatment (2- 3x/wk is expected for 8-12 weeks)	 DC brace at (week 8) Reinforce precautions. No weight bearing activities beyond 90 degrees of knee flexion
	Therapeutic Exercise	Therapeutic Exercise
	May complete AROM and Isometrics within surgical precautions (heel slides and AAKE (0-60 x 2weeks, 0-90 x 2weeks), supine or sitting hangs/heel prop, quad sets, leg raises, towel stretch) <u>Initiate aquatics at 4 weeks post-op</u> Closed chain aquatics: Gait training forward, backwards, side-ways. Emphasis on equal WB and quad control. 4-way hip, heel raises, marching, G/S and hamstring stretching .Balance: SLS, narrow BOS. *WB in extension only until 6 weeks post-op Open chain aquatics: Gentle bicycle, jumping jacks and cross-country skiers s on duration of each exercise versus repetitions (30-45 ls, progress to 60-90 seconds)	 Initiate bicycle (do not force flexion) Initiate WB in extension Begin closed chain exercises 0-60 degrees (6 weeks post-op) (leg press, step up) Initiate balance exercises, single leg stable surfaces Initiate active hamstring and progress to light pre <u>Advance aquatics at 6 weeks post-op</u> Closed chain aquatics: Continue gait training, Initiate shallow squats, and small step-ups Open Chain aquatics: Continue gentle bicycle, jumping jacks and cross-country skiers *Focus on duration of each exercise versus repetitions (30-45 seconds, progress to 60-90 seconds)
second	Manual Techniques	Manual Techniques
	Patella mobilization as needed PROM as tolerated (focus on extension) Incision mobilization week 2 Modalities NMES / Interferential/Biofeedback Ice	 Patella mobilization as needed Posterior capsule mobilization (if needed) Incision mobilization Modalities Modalities may be used as needed
,	Goals	Goals
	Gain full knee extension/restore quad contraction Control pain Reduce joint hemarthrosis Independence with post-op precautions 0-90 degrees ROM per physician	 Normal gait pattern without brace or assistive device by week 8-10 Normal ROM by week 8-10 Quad strength to 4/5 by week 8

Weeks Eight to Twelve	Weeks Twelve to Discharge
Evaluate	Evaluate
 Gait ROM Balance 	 Any excessive joint laxity Address any deficits that may limit return to work or sport. HEP compliance
Patient Education	Patient Education
 No impact, deep squats, squats with lifting, crossed legged sitting until 4 months post op. 	 No impact, deep squats, squats with lifting, crossed legged sitting until 4 months post op.
Therapeutic Exercise	Therapeutic Exercise
 Progress closed chain and isotonic exercises to include multiple planes and single leg activity week 10 Progress HS strengthening Single leg dynamic balance activity and unstable surfaces week 12 May begin CFA at 10 weeks with physician approval May initiate cardiovascular training at 12 weeks (Bike, Swim, and elliptical) Closed chain aquatics: Advance step up and lunge activity Open Chain aquatics: Initiate stretching of quads and hip flexors as indicated. (Use of floatation cuffs or stair lunges. Balance: SLS, kickboard balance. Eyes open, eyes closed *Progress exercises using resistance fin(s) or hydrocuff(s) 	 Continue strength and conditioning Encourage participation in CFA May initiate light/straight plane running activity with full motion, strength, and physician approval at 16 weeks (No cutting, pivoting, or jumping) Agility and plyometrics at 20 weeks given good tolerance of straight plane running and pre-running activity
Manual Techniques	Manual Techniques
 Patella mobilization as needed PROM and posterior capsule stretch as indicated 	Any as indicated
Modalities	Modalities
Any as indicated	Any as indicated
Goals	Goals
 4+/5 strength with manual testing by week 10 Good stability at the hip and knee joints particularly with single leg balance and control of terminal knee extension 	 Minimal to no pain 5/5 muscle strength Discharge to full work or sport
 May complete independent HEP and intermittent appointments when above criteria is met 	

References

1. Patrick McCulloch, Hugh L. Jones, Kendall Hamilton, Michael Hogen, Jonathan Gold, Philip Noble. <u>Does simulated walking cause</u> <u>gapping of meniscal repairs?</u> Journal of Experimental Orthopaedics (2016) 3:11

2. VanderHave, K.L., Perkins, C., Le, M. Weight Bearing Versus Non-weight bearing After Meniscal Repair. Sports Health 2015; 7(5).

3. Mueller, B.T., Moulton, S.G., O'Brien, L., LaPrade, R.F. <u>Rehabilitation Following Meniscal Root Repair: A Clinical Commentary</u>. Journal of Orthopaedic & Sports Physical Therapy. 2016; 46(2): 104-113.

4. Stuart, A.R., Doble, J., Presson, A.P., Kubiak, E.N. <u>Anatomic landmarks facilitate predictable partial lower limb loading during aquatic weight bearing</u>. *Current Orthopeadic Practice*. 2015 ; 26(4): 414–419.

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