## **Gr I/II Acromioclavicular Separation**

Week one	Weeks two to four
Initial Evaluation	Evaluate
Posture and position of the shoulder girdle Rule out cervical injury with neurological screen PROM Assess RTW and sport expectations	Posture and position of thehoulder girdle AROM, PROM , and MMT
Patient Education	Patient Education
Support physician prescribed meds Sling use for pain relief, wean as toleratedunless otherwise determined by physician Discuss frequency and duration of treatment (2x/wk for 4 weeks is anticipated Avoid pushing, pulling heavy lifting andpainful active movements(Horiz.add typically hurts) Limit contact sportsbased on presentation and physician discretion(anticipate 2-3 weeks for Gr I injury, and 4 -6 weeks for Gr. II)	Wean from sling Avoid pushing, pulling heavy lifting andpainful active movements Anticipate patients with & I injury returning to sport aroundweek 3 based on presentation and physician discretion
Therapeutic Exercise	Therapeutic Exercise
Active elbow, wrist and hand ROM without resistance Pendulums AAROM (table slides, cane exercises, or pulle ys) Submaximal pain free isometrics for periscapular and cuff musculature AROM table exercises with no weight (may include Prone Row, ext, sidelying ER)	Initiate UBE (disco urage substitution) Initiate self stretching to end range as tolerated Progress to dynamic resistive exercises utilizing therabandand light free weightsin upright(Row, extension, pulldown, IR/ER, biceps, triceps) Progress prone posterior shoulder girdlæxercises
Manual Techniques	Manual Techniques
PROM all planes to tolerance (end range and horizontal adduction are typically uncomfortable Rhythmic Stabilization for ER/IR and Flex/Ext in scapular plane or in sidelying Consider kinesiotaping for painmanagement	Continue PROM as needed Advance rhythmic stabilization drills to upright position Advance supine rhythmic stabilization to include IR/ER in 90 degrees of abduction Continue AC taping for pain management
Modalities	Modalities
Any modalities may be used for pain management with exception of heat during acute phase	Any modalities as indicated
Goals	Goals
Initiate return of PROM and AROM Establish activation of periscapular and rotator cuff musculature Promote healing and reduction of symptoms Independent with HEP for AAROM	Full PROM <u>AROM_Goals</u> : *Flex and ABD to 160 degrees or better *ER to 75 degrees or better in 90 of ABD *IR to 50 degrees or better Restore proprioceptive and dynamic stabilization Independent with EP for AROM, PRE and stretching as appropriate

Weeks four to discharge	
Evaluate	
AROM, PROM, and MMT	
Dynamic RC strength	
Sequencing of scapular stabilizers and rotator cuff	
Address any deficits that may limit return to	
work or sport goals	
HEP compliance	
Patient Education	
Anticipate patients with Gr II injury returning to	
sport around 46 weeks based on presentation	
and physician discretion	
Consult with an orthopedic physician if AC joint	
pain or chronic symptomatic instabilitypersist	
Discuss the benefits of completing a CFA	
program and introduce to CFA staff	
Therapeutic Exercise	
Progress prior exercises to include activity at	
shoulder height and above	
Add push-ups with a plus at an angle (table push	
up) Brogross to sportsposific activity Start with	
Progress to sportspecific activity – Start with controlled low intensity activity and progress to	
high activity as tolerated	
Manual Techniques	
Any techniques as indicated	
Continue and progress rhythmic stabilization as	
indicated	
Modalities	
Any modalities as indicated	
Goals	
Full AROM and PROM	
Unrestricted symptom free return to sports and/o	
work duties	
Independent with HEP	

## <u>References</u>

Brigham and Womens Hospital: Department of Rehabilitation Services. Standard of Care: AC Joint Separation. S. Koehler, MD. Fields and Grayzel (eds): Patient Information: Acromioclavicular joint injury (shoulder separation) (Beyond the Basics), 2013.

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